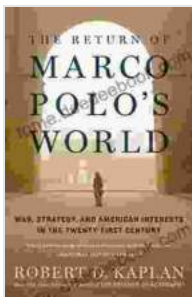


The Return of Marco Polo's World: Rediscovering the Lost Civilizations of the East

In the 13th century, Marco Polo embarked on a remarkable journey to the East, where he encountered civilizations that were both fascinating and mysterious. Now, centuries later, a new generation of explorers is rediscovering these lost worlds, shedding light on the rich cultures and traditions that once flourished there.



The Return of Marco Polo's World: War, Strategy, and American Interests in the Twenty-first Century

by Robert D. Kaplan

★★★★☆ 4.3 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 6669 KB
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Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
X-Ray	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
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One of the most exciting discoveries in recent years has been the rediscovery of the ancient city of Angkor in Cambodia. This vast metropolis was once the capital of the Khmer Empire, and its ruins are a testament to the power and sophistication of this once-great civilization. Angkor is now a

UNESCO World Heritage Site, and it is one of the most popular tourist destinations in Southeast Asia.

Another important discovery has been the rediscovery of the Silk Road, the ancient trade route that connected China with the West. The Silk Road was a major conduit for the exchange of goods, ideas, and cultures, and it played a vital role in the development of both East and West. Today, the Silk Road is being revived as a modern trade route, and it is once again becoming a major center of cultural exchange.

The rediscovery of Marco Polo's world is a reminder of the interconnectedness of human history. The civilizations of the East and West have always been linked together, and they have had a profound influence on each other. The rediscovery of these lost worlds is helping us to better understand our own history, and it is inspiring us to build a more just and sustainable world for the future.

China

China was one of the most important countries on Marco Polo's journey, and it is still one of the most important countries in the world today. China is a vast and diverse country, with a rich history and culture. It is home to some of the world's oldest civilizations, and it has played a major role in the development of human history.

One of the most important developments in Chinese history was the development of the Silk Road. The Silk Road was a major trade route that connected China with the West, and it played a vital role in the exchange of goods, ideas, and cultures. The Silk Road also helped to spread Buddhism

from India to China, and it played a major role in the development of Chinese culture.

Today, China is a major economic and military power. It is also a major center of cultural exchange, and it is home to some of the world's most important universities and museums. China is a country with a rich past and a bright future, and it is sure to play an increasingly important role in the world in the years to come.

Mongolia

Mongolia is a landlocked country in Central Asia. It is bordered by Russia to the north and China to the south. Mongolia is a vast and sparsely populated country, with a population of just over 3 million people. It is home to a number of nomadic peoples, who have traditionally herded sheep, goats, and horses.

Mongolia was once part of the Mongol Empire, which was founded by Genghis Khan in the 13th century. The Mongol Empire was one of the largest empires in history, and it stretched from China to Europe. The Mongols were a fierce and warlike people, and they conquered vast territories in a relatively short period of time.

Today, Mongolia is a peaceful and democratic country. It is a member of the United Nations and the World Trade Organization. Mongolia is also a major exporter of copper, gold, and other minerals. Mongolia is a country with a rich history and a bright future, and it is sure to play an increasingly important role in the world in the years to come.

Persia

Persia is an ancient civilization that is located in what is now Iran. Persia was one of the most powerful and influential empires in the world for centuries. It was home to some of the world's greatest poets, artists, and philosophers.

One of the most important developments in Persian history was the development of the Zoroastrian religion. Zoroastrianism is one of the world's oldest monotheistic religions, and it has had a profound influence on the development of both Persian and Western culture.

Today, Persia is a major oil producer and it plays an important role in the world economy. It is also a major center of cultural exchange, and it is home to some of the world's most important universities and museums. Persia is a country with a rich history and a bright future, and it is sure to play an increasingly important role in the world in the years to come.

India

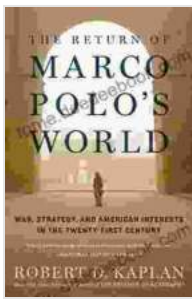
India is a country in South Asia. It is the second most populous country in the world, with a population of over 1.3 billion people. India is a land of great diversity, with a wide range of languages, religions, and cultures.

India is one of the world's oldest civilizations. It is the birthplace of the Indus Valley Civilization, which flourished from about 2600 to 1900 BC. The Indus Valley Civilization was one of the most advanced civilizations of its time, and it had a profound influence on the development of Indian culture.

Today, India is a major economic and military power. It is also a major center of cultural exchange, and it is home to some of the world's most important universities and museums. India is a country with a rich history

and a bright future, and it is sure to play an increasingly important role in the world in the years to come.

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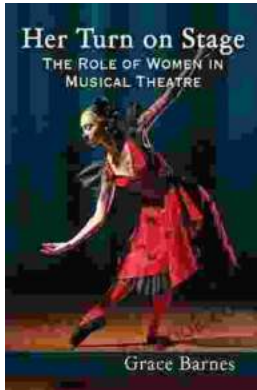
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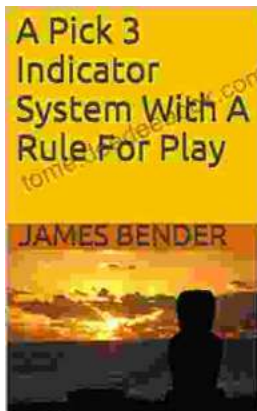
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